

# Package: aisoph (via r-universe)

October 17, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** Additive Isotonic Proportional Hazards Model

**Version** 0.4

**Date** 2023-03-03

**Description** Nonparametric estimation of additive isotonic covariate effects for proportional hazards model.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Depends** R (>= 4.2.0), Iso, survival

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Author** Yunro Chung [aut, cre]  
(<<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9125-9277>>)

**Maintainer** Yunro Chung <[yunro.chung@asu.edu](mailto:yunro.chung@asu.edu)>

**Date/Publication** 2023-03-04 07:20:07 UTC

**Repository** <https://yunrochung.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/cran/aisoph>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

**RemoteSha** 398cd5ece64fe8ce857fb51b1928c9c8802e42ed

## Contents

aisoph-package . . . . .	2
aisoph . . . . .	2

<b>Index</b>	<b>5</b>
--------------	----------

---

aisoph-package

*Additive Isotonic Proportional Hazards Model*

---

### Description

Nonparametric estimation of additive isotonic covariate effects for proportional hazards model.

### Details

Package: aisoph  
Type: Package  
Version: 0.4  
Date: 2023-03-03  
License: GPL (>= 2)

### Author(s)

Yunro Chung [aut, cre] Maintainer: Yunro Chung <yunro.chung@asu.edu>

### References

Yunro Chung, Anastasia Ivanova, Jason P. Fine, Additive isotonic proportional hazards models (working in progress).

---

aisoph

*Fit Additive Isotonic Proportional Hazards Model*

---

### Description

Nonparametric estimation of additive isotonic covariate effects for proportional hazards model.

### Usage

```
aisoph(time, status, z1, z2, x, shape1, shape2, K1, K2, maxiter, eps)
```

**Arguments**

time	survival time. It must be greater than 0.
status	censoring indication. It must be 0 or 1.
z1	First covariate under order-restriction.
z2	Second covariate under-order restriction.
x	Additional covariates (vector or data.frame). This argument is optional
shape1	Shape-restriction for z1, "increasing" or "decreasing".
shape2	Shape-restriction for z2, "increasing" or "decreasing".
K1	anchor constraint for z1.
K2	anchor constraint for z2.
maxiter	maximum number of iteration (default is 10 <sup>5</sup> ).
eps	stopping convergence criteria (default is 10 <sup>-3</sup> ).

**Details**

The aisoph function allows to analyze additive isotonic proportional hazards model, which is defined as

$$\lambda(t|z1, z2, x) = \lambda_0(t) \exp(\psi_1(z1) + \psi_2(z2) + \beta x),$$

where  $\lambda_0$  is an unspecified baseline hazard function,  $\psi_1$  and  $\psi_2$  are monotone increasing (or decreasing) functions in  $z1$  and  $z2$ , respectively,  $x$  is a covariate, and  $\beta$  is a regression paramter. If  $x$  is omitted in the formulation above,  $\psi_1$  and  $\psi_2$  are only estimated.

The model is not identifiable without the anchor constraint,  $\psi_1(K1) = 0$  and  $\psi_2(K2) = 0$ . By default,  $K1$  and  $K2$  are set to medians of  $z1$  and  $z2$  values, respectively. The choice of the anchor points is less important in the sense that hazard ratios do not depend on the anchors.

**Value**

A list of class isoph:

iso1	data.frame estimated $\psi_1$ , estimated $\exp(\psi_1)$ , and cens at $z1$ , where $\exp(\psi_1)$ is a hazard ratio between $z1$ and $K1$ , and cens="no" if (at least one) subject is not censored at $z1$ or cens="yes" otherwise.
iso2	data.frame estimated $\psi_2$ , estimated $\exp(\psi_2)$ , and cens at $z2$ , where $\exp(\psi_2)$ is a hazard ratio between $z2$ and $K2$ , and cens="no" if (at least one) subject is not censored at $z2$ or cens="yes" otherwise.
est	data.frame with estimated $\beta$ , and $\exp(\beta)$ .
conv	status of algorithm convergence.
shape1	shape-constrain for $\psi_1$ .
shape2	shape-constrain for $\psi_2$ .
K1	anchor point for K1.
K2	anchor point for K2.

**Author(s)**

Yunro Chung [aut, cre]

**References**

Yunro Chung, Anastasia Ivanova, Jason P. Fine, Additive isotonic proportional hazards models (working in progress).

**Examples**

```
#require(survival)
#require(Iso)

###
# 1. time-independent covariate with monotone increasing effect
###
# 1.1. create a test data set 1
time= c(1, 6, 3, 6, 7, 8, 1, 4, 0, 2, 1, 5, 8, 7, 4)
status=c(1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1)
z1=    c(3, 1, 2, 4, 8, 3, 3, 4, 1, 9, 4, 2, 2, 8, 5)
z2=    c(1, 3, 5, 6, 1, 7, 6, 8, 3, 4, 8, 8, 5, 2, 3)

# 1.2. Fit isotonic proportional hazards model
res1 = aisoph(time=time, status=status, z1=z1, z2=z2,
              shape1="increasing", shape2="increasing")

# 1.3. print result
res1

#1.4. plot
plot(res1)

###
# 2. time-independent covariate with monotone increasing effect
###
# 2.1. create a test data set 1
time= c(0,4,8,9,5,6,9,8,2,7,4,2,6,2,5,9,4,3,8,2)
status=c(0,1,0,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,0,1)
z1=    c(3,2,1,1,3,1,8,4,3,6,2,9,9,0,7,7,2,3,4,6)
z2=    c(3,6,9,9,4,3,9,8,4,7,2,3,1,3,7,0,1,6,4,1)
trt=   c(0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1)

# 2.2. Fit isotonic proportional hazards model
res2 = aisoph(time=time, status=status, z1=z1, z2=z2, x=trt,
              shape1="increasing", shape2="increasing")

# 2.3. print result
res2

#2.4. plot
plot(res2)
```

# Index

- \* **Isotonic regression**
    - [aisoph, 2](#)
    - [aisoph-package, 2](#)
  - \* **Nonparametric regression**
    - [aisoph, 2](#)
    - [aisoph-package, 2](#)
  - \* **Order-restricted inference**
    - [aisoph, 2](#)
    - [aisoph-package, 2](#)
  - \* **Survival analysis**
    - [aisoph, 2](#)
    - [aisoph-package, 2](#)
- [aisoph, 2](#)  
[aisoph-package, 2](#)